

# CONSULTANT ADVICE NOTICE

**PROJECT: UPGRADES TO CAMMERAY PUBLIC SCHOOL**

**CAN NO: G-005[1.3]**

**Date: 17 March 2025**

**Project No: 41155 - 001**

**Pages: 8**

## SUSTAINABILITY – NET ZERO STATEMENT

# 1 NET ZERO COVER LETTER AND CERTIFICATION

As per the *Department of Planning and Environment - Net Zero Statement Technical Note*, which outlines how to prepare a Net Zero Statement when one is required under the NSW Sustainable Buildings SEPP. A Net Zero Statement describes how a project will avoid dependence on fossil fuels and be capable of operating at net zero emissions by 2035.

## 1.1 INTRODUCTION

This Net Zero Statement has been prepared to accompany a Review of Environmental Factors (REF) prepared for the Department of Education (DoE) relating to upgrades to Cammeray Public School (the activity) under Part 5 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (EP&A Act) and State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021 (SEPP TI).

This document has been prepared in accordance with the Guidelines for Division 5.1 assessments (the Guidelines) by the Department of Planning, Housing and Infrastructure.

This report examines and takes into account the relevant environmental factors in the Guidelines and Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulations 2021 under Section 170, Section 171 and Section 171A of the EP&A Regulation.

### Proposed Activity Description

CPS is located at 68 Palmer Street, Cammeray on the northern side of Palmer Road, bound by Palmer Street to the south, Bellevue Street to the east and Miller Street to the west. The site has an area of 1.36 ha and comprises 11 allotments, legally described as:

- Lot 11 DP 837836
- Lot 1 DP 316130
- Lot 1 DP 316706
- Lot 1 DP 123406
- Lot 2 DP 174370
- Lot 1 DP 174370
- Lot 4 Sec 35 DP 758790
- Lot 5 Sec 35 DP 758790

- Lot 66 DP 1049613
- Lot 3 DP 571310
- Lot 4 DP 571310

The site currently comprises an existing co-education primary (K-6) public school with 6 permanent buildings, 3 demountable structures, covered walkways linked at multiple levels, play areas, on-grade parking, sports court, covered outdoor learning area (COLA) and vegetation/green spaces with mature trees.

The existing school buildings are clustered towards the southern portion of the site and comprise both single and 2 storey buildings. The northern portion of the site contains the sports court, vegetable garden and play equipment. The north-western portion of the site is heavily vegetated with trees of high landscape significance that are protected with fencing.

The site is identified as a locally listed heritage item (I0019) under Schedule 5 Environmental Heritage pursuant to the *North Sydney Local Environmental Plan 2013* (NSLEP). The school is also identified in the Plateau Heritage Conservation Area (HCA) (Part 2 Schedule 5 of the NSLEP). The school is listed on the Department of Education (DoE) Section 170 Heritage Conservation Register as 'Cammeray Public School.' The site is approximately 115m from a State heritage item (I0004) being the electricity substation at 143 Bellevue Street and in close proximity to locally heritage listed items.

An aerial photograph of the site detailing the development footprint is provided in Figure 1.

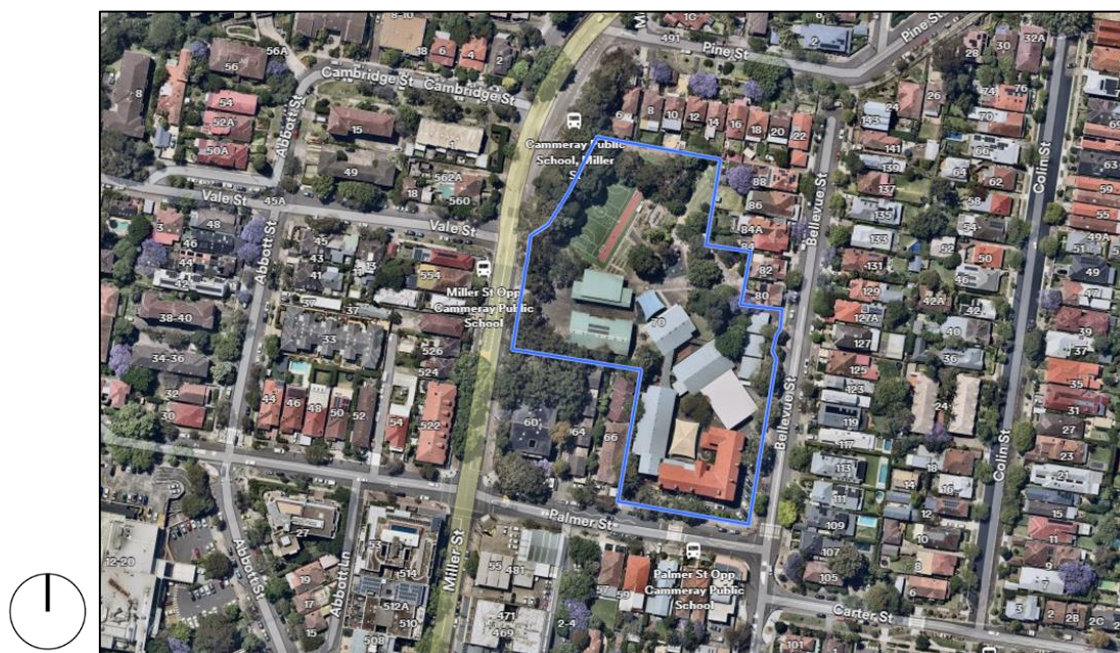


FIGURE 1 - AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH

## Proposed Activity Description

The proposed activity involves upgrades to the existing CPS, including the following:

- Construction of 4 new permanent teaching spaces in a two-storey building incorporating 2 general learning spaces and 2 practical activity areas
- New egress lift and stairs for access to all building levels
- External covered walkways connecting the new building to the existing school network
- Landscaping and external works including compensatory planting
- Upgrades to site infrastructure and services to support the new buildings
- Removal of 3 temporary (demountable) classrooms from the eastern side of the school
- 50 bicycle parking spaces



TABLE 1 - DOCUMENT REFERENCE

DOCUMENT REFERENCE	TITLE	DATE	REVISION
Cammeray PS - NDY Schematic Design Report	Electrical & Mechanical Services Schematic Design Report	15/01/2025	2

The remainder of this document provides additional details on the strategies incorporated into the design and operation of the building to achieve Net Zero.

This report has been endorsed by:



Jarrad Underwood MIEAust CPEng (Elec) NER: 5359514





## 2.3 RENEWABLE ENERGY GENERATION AND STORAGE

The project's renewable energy generation considers both on-site and off-site generation.

### Onsite renewable energy

Estimates indicate that the roof area for the project will support a targeted PV system in the order of 17 kW. This system is estimated to generate 24,000 kWh per year.

### Offsite energy generation

DoE's electricity procurement falls under the responsibility of the NSW government. We understand that their renewables procurement targets are currently under review, and the exact details of the offsite electricity to be procured is not yet known.

### Storage infrastructure

Energy Storage Infrastructure has been noted as unfeasible at this stage, however provisions have been made for the future addition of battery storage.

## 2.4 ENERGY-EFFICIENT DESIGN

The project has implemented strong passive design principles alongside efficient active HVAC systems to reduce the demand when compared to a "code-compliant" alternative.

### Shading

The façade incorporates eaves and other shading devices to reduce the energy demand of the building.

### Natural ventilation

A mixed mode natural ventilation system is currently designed when outdoor conditions are favourable. Whilst active air conditioning will also be provided, this will only need to operate during hotter and colder months, taking advantage of the Sydney climate, and consuming less energy as a result.

### Airtightness

An airtightness consultant will be engaged during detailed design to nominate an appropriate airtightness target for the building. Given the function of the building, minimising air leakage through the façade is an important consideration.

### Building fabric

As per the EFSG requirements, the project will exceed the minimum requirements of Section J of the National Construction Code (NCC) 2022, by at least 10%. The project team are currently refining the specification of the glazing and insulation thermal performance by using a Verification Method of compliance (J1V3) which utilises an energy model to compare the performance and allow a bespoke solution that is relevant to the project to be developed.

Additionally, technical design features implemented to further reduce energy consumption include:

### Efficient lighting

The project incorporates the following initiatives:

- To AS/NZS 1680, AS/NZS 1158 and BCA Part J7
- Luminaire utilising LEDs to be used throughout

In addition, the following are being considered:

- Inclusion of Digital Addressable lighting with Dimmable luminaires.
- Inclusion of intelligent lighting control system with daylight and occupancy sensing on internal lighting.
- Self-contained emergency luminaires will be provided with lithium battery and long-life LED luminaires.

### HVAC systems

The school is designed to be fully electric at practical completion, with no gas-powered plant used to meet space heating demand. As per NDY's Schematic Design Drawings, the followings are provided:

- In-ceiling ducted reverse-cycle Variable Refrigerant Flow (VRF) fan coil units (FCUs) serving learning spaces. Condensers are located in a dedicated plant area.

- Outside air in learning spaces is ducted directly to FCUs, intake is via louvre on façade.
- Excess air in learning spaces are relieved via louvre on façade, complete with non-return damper.
- A mixed-mode natural ventilation control strategy is provided to all learning spaces, complete with DoE's standard "Traffic Light" HVAC controls.
- BCR is to be provided with wall-mounted split A/C and outside air via in-line duct-mounted fan. Intake to the fan is via louvre on façade. Relief of excess air is via door grille. Condenser is located externally in a dedicated plant area.

## 2.5 ENERGY CONSUMPTION AND EMISSIONS CALCULATIONS

Operational energy consumption of the building has been calculated in line with the Green Star Building methodology, and based on the available Schematic Design information. Note the modelling is high level and will be further refined in future design stages, provided numbers are indicative only.

TABLE 2 - ENERGY CONSUMPTION AND GHG EMISSIONS

ITEM	WITHOUT SOLAR PV		WITH SOLAR PV	
Fossil fuel consumption (MJ/annum)	0			
Energy - Electricity (kWh/annum)	18,926	48.7/m²	-4,874	-12.5/m²
Direct Emissions (Scope 1) (kgCO2eq/annum)	0			
Indirect Emissions (Scope 2-3) (kgCO2eq/annum)	17,412	44.8/m²	-8,664	-11.4/m²

More detailed modelling will be conducted in future design phases which will further refine these results.

## 2.6 NET ZERO STATEMENT CHECKLIST

A completed Net Zero statement checklist is provided in Annex 1.

NDY, A Tetra Tech Company



Richard Burton | Engineer | Sustainability  
r.burton@ndy.com

# ANNEX 1 – NET ZERO STATEMENT CHECKLIST

## Department of Planning and Environment Net Zero Statement Technical Note



### Net Zero Statement Checklist

#### Cover Letter

- Project details and overview ☒
- Confirm if development is fossil fuel-free or requires a transition strategy. ☒
- Certified and signed by a mechanical or electrical engineer ☒

#### On-Site Fossil Fuel Usage

- If development is fossil fuel-free:
  - Provide evidence of fossil fuel-free operations ☒
- ~~If development is fossil fuel dependent:~~
  - ~~Provide details of each fossil fuel system used and electrification transition strategy.~~ ☐
  - ~~Provide evidence the development will operate without fossil fuel by 2035 by confirming it.~~ ☐
  - ~~Incorporates infrastructure or space for necessary infrastructure to transition plant, equipment, ventilation etc.~~ ☐

#### Energy Efficiency

- Have energy reduction initiatives been described for the following? -
  - Passive design features – building orientation, natural ventilation, insulation, glazing performance, air tightness etc. ☒
  - Technical design features – energy efficient HVAC and lighting systems, smart controls and occupancy sensors etc. ☒

#### Renewable Energy Generation and Storage

- Have renewable energy or storage initiatives been described? – solar panels, photovoltaics, wind turbines etc. ☒

#### Estimated Energy Consumption if available

- Estimated fossil fuel consumption per year ☒
- Estimated electricity consumption per year ☒
- Total estimated energy consumption per year kWh/y/m<sup>2</sup> of GFA ☒

#### Estimated GHG emissions for energy use if available

- Estimated direct (scope 1) GHG emissions per year ☒
- Estimated indirect (scope 2 and 3) GHG emissions per year ☒
- Total estimated GHG emissions per year ☒

### Abbreviations & Glossary

- DHW – Domestic hot water
- GFA – Gross floor area
- GHG – Greenhouse gas emissions
- HHW – Heating hot water
- HVAC – Heating, ventilation and air conditioning
- PV – Photovoltaic
- SB SEPP – State Environmental Planning Policy (Sustainable Buildings) 2022
- Emission scopes – A mechanism for classifying different sources of GHG emissions used in carbon accounting. There are three 'scopes'
  - **Scope 1** covers direct emissions from on-site fuel combustion (e.g. diesel, natural gas and LPG).
  - **Scope 2** covers indirect emissions from the consumption of purchased electricity, steam, heating and cooling.
  - **Scope 3** covers indirect emissions from activities not owned or controlled by the reporting organisation, including production of fuels, electricity transmission losses, embodied carbon in construction and maintenance (including materials and products) tenant energy consumption, waste treatment, water treatment and travel to/from the building.